HOME AND DEMOCRAT.

J. P. STRONG, Editor and Proprietor.

CHARLOTTE, N. C.

Friday, October 13, 1882.

Democratic Nominees.

For Congressman at Large:
RISDEN TYLER BENNETT of Anson.

Congressional District Nominees.

1st District—Louis C. Latham of Pitt county.
2d " No Democratic Nominee.
3d " Wharton J. Green of Cumberland.
4th " William R. Cox of Wake.
5th " Alfred M. Scales of Guilford.
6th " Clement Dowd of Mecklenburg.
7th " Wm. M. Robbins of Iredell.
8th " Robert B. Vance of Buncombe.

For Judge of Supreme Court:
THOMAS RUFFIN of Orange.

For Superior Court Judges:

1st District—Jas. E. Shepherd of Washington.
2d " —Fred. Philips of Edgecombe.
3d " —Allmand A. McKoy of Sampson.
4th " —James C. McRae of Cumberland.
5th " —John A. Gilmer of Guilford.
6th " —Wm. M. Shipp of Mecklenburg.

For Solicitors:

1st District—John H. Blount of Perquimans.
2d " —Wm. C. Bowen of Northampton.
3d " —Swift Galloway of Greene.
4th " —James D. McIver of Moore.
5th " —Fred. N. Strudwick of Orange.
6th " —F. I. Osborne of Mecklenburg.
7th " —Joseph Dobson of Yadkin.
8th " —J. S Adams of Iredell.
9th " —G. S. Ferguson,

Mecklenburg Democratic Ticket.

For the Senate, Syd. B. Alexander; for the House, Wm. H. Bailey, T. T. Sandifer, J. S. Myers; for Sheriff, M. E. Alexander; for Clerk of Superior Court, John R. Erwin; for Register, Wm. Maxwell; for Treasurer, J. H. McClintock; for Surveyor, J. T. Orr; for Coroner, S. B. Smith.

[Solicitors and Congressmen are elected by the voters of each Judicial and Congressional District separately, but District Judges, *one* Supreme Court Judge, and *one* Congressman are to be voted for by all the voters of theState. ELECTION on Tuesday, Nov. 7th.]

GREAT VICTORY.

DEMOCRACY TRIUMPHS IN OHIO.

25,000 Majority!!

The news from the Ohio Election on Tuesday last, is indeed cheering, for the enormous Radical majorities it has given in the past, would cause a mere Democratic majority to be satisfactory, but when we learn she gave a Democratic majority of 25,000, we give three cheers for the Buckeye State. This indicates a gain of 50,000 votes since the election of 1880, and strikes a blow to Liberalism that will permeate the States in which they have tried to gain a foothold. The telegraph gives the Democrats fifteen out of the twenty-one Congressmen, and effectually disposes of Foster. There are rumors of dishonesty on the part of the Republicans, but with all their intrigue and plotting Democracy triumphed, and in a manner that entitles Ohio to the banner. Georgia, Ohio and then North Carolina.

Only to Vote

A circular has been issued in all the Departments at Washington, granting a leave of absence for ten days to such employees as desired to go to their homes and vote; that this "election" leave would not be subtracted from the annual vacation of thirty days. Those that can spare the money have signified their intention of taking advantage of this, and such as are impecunious will probably be assisted by their State associations. We learn through private sources, where the contest appears at all close, lists have been prepared of the employees credited to the State in which the fight is to be made, and agents go through the departmente and check off each voter and ascertain his intentions, and those who decline to go home and vote are marked men, and the army of employees in the departments must vote or lose their positions. It is conceded that such a thorough canvass has not been made for many years, and the campaign managers are instructed to spare neither time or money. These herculean efforts, Democrats of North Carolina, are made to place in power men who will rob and plunder the State, and tax the people to pay it. We hurled them from power in 1876, while in a decrippled state; we have now only to go to the polls and vote every man to defeat their schemes and elect our candidates.

MR. EZEKIEL PRICE of Shelby, committed suicide by taking laudanum on Saturday last. Mr. Price has been in bad health for sometime, and had shown symptons of mental disorder, and while suffering from a temporary aberration he committed the act.

IT is reported that the Richmond & Danville Railroad has been sold to the Standard Oil Company. This is the rumor, but not generally believed, as there has been nothing reliable about it.

ONLY three Republicans, two of whom are negroes, and nine Independents have been elected to the next Georgia Legislature.

THE 60,000 blows the Democrats of Georgia gave the Coalition party ought to satisfy them and sweep them from the land.

MR. W. WILSON residing near Concord had his barn burnt on Monday, containing wheat and provender. Loss $600. No insurance.

NERO fiddling on the walls of burning Rome—a classic description of the fishing President.

New Advertisements.

Valuable Plantation for safe—B. R. Smith & Co.
Farming Lands, &c.—R. D. Graham, Attorney.
Rudisill Gold Mine for sale—Jas. H. Carson, Agent.
Notice to Trespassers—I. H. Grier, J. M. Grier, J. O. Grier, Josiah Hunter.
Report of the First National Bank of Charlotte—M. P. Pegram, Cashier.

Clergymen's Political Ideas.

The Rev. William C. Stiles of New York, a Republican, has declared he will not support Judge Folger for Governor of New York. To support the fraud candidates, Mr. Stiles declares, would be to encourage forgery and "involve the party in dishonest methods beyond purification." The reverend gentleman thinks "the coming election offers to honest Republicans a fortunate opportunity of showing their disapproval of the objectionable acts of the party managers." The Rev. Mr. Stiles' opinion of the Republican party is refreshing. We would inform him he has a correct estimate of the party of having once been involved in dishonest methods it is beyond purification, and judged by this standard, the first acts of its life must have been steeped in the lowest depths of infamy. They have never lacked the opportunity of showing their disapproval of fraud had they so desired, but the eagerness with which they rushed to the polls, exhibited more of a wish to assist in the consummation of the act. A few isolated cases may heed the Reverend gentleman, but in such a minority their disapproval will carry no weight.

Henry Ward Beecher preached an anti-Folger sermon and added: "May my right hand forget its cunning if I cast my vote for a man nominated by avarice and revenge." He told his audience who attempted to applaud, "It is God's day and God's house. I am only discussing the morals and ethics of politics and there's no occasion for you to boil over." Beecher criticised President Arthur taking part in the management of the local government quite severely. There seems to be a general opposition to Judge Folger among the New York clergymen.

A WHITE and colored woman, employees at the Patent Office in Washington, being jealous of each other, the white woman is suspected of an attempt to poison the colored one by putting some croton oil on some peaches. The colored woman was transfered temporarily and in her absence the poison was put in the peaches, and when the colored woman attempted to eat them, they burnt her mouth so badly she desisted and finding something wrong she had them examined when a quanity of croton oil was discovered. The girl was quite ill, but has recovered, and the white woman was taken charge of by the Commissioners and the facts are to be fully investigated.

AT the Commencement of Bryant & Stratton business college, Baltimore, Geo. A. Howell, son of our townsman, S. M. Howell, delivered the salutatory. It is a well written article, and the audience showed its appreciation of his effort in frequent applause.

LET those who are determined to do every thing in their power for the success of the party, see that they provide for themselves and register. Register, and do not defer it till the last hour.

"A FREE ballot and a fair count" received its party interpretation at Saratoga, New York, at the Republican convention.

Mr. Stephen W. Dorsey, of Star Route notoriety, has just received information of his election as chairman of the Republican State Central Committee of Arkansas.

His late exploits qualified him for all like positions.

☞ An important industry at Morehead City, N. C., is the raising of "ma'sh tackies." The marsh tackey is a shaggy pony hardly larger than the Shetland, light built and hardy. He lives in the water, and will not eat corn or hay. He is brought up on the marsh grass, which he eats between tides. They cost literally nothing, breeding in droves as wild horses. Once every year the owners have what is called a "pony penning." All the ponies along the coast, running into the thousands, are driven in by boats and either branded or sold. They bring from $15 to $30 apiece; a "broke" pony, that is, one that can be ridden or driven, is called a "trained tackey," and brings $70. They are in great demand in the middle part of the State, eating little and doing a heap of work.

A box car containing 24 bags of cotton was burned at the depot on Monday morning. The cotton was discovered on fire as the train pulled in from Charlotte, and is supposed to have been caused by spontaneous combustion. The cotton was shipped by J. E. Sanford, Greenville, S. C., to Hall & Co., Boston, Mass. Nearly all of it was destroyed.—*Greensboro Patriot.*

CHANGES IN THE HEAD OF THE COMET.—Phelps, N. Y., Oct. 9.—Professor Brooks of the Red House observatory, detected great changes in the head of the comet this morning, which were not seen during the observations of yesterday. The nucleus appeared greatly elongated and clearly split into two unequal parts. A small crescent-shaped envelope was also being thrown off in front of the head.

ALMSHOUSE CONTRACTOR ARRESTED.—Philadelphia, Oct. 6.—Henry H. Myers, flour dealer at 1,638 North Eleventh street, was arrested this afternoon on a charge of conspiracy with Ellis P. Phipps, ex-superintendent of the almshouse, and James F. Brown, ex-storekeeper, to cheat and defraud the city.

SET ON FIRE BY A BURGLAR.—Galveston, Oct. 6.—A Dallas dispatch says: "Mr. Pierce's house and a cottage adjoining were totally destroyed this morning by a fire caused by a burglar throwing a lighted kerosene lamp at Pierce's head as he was attempting to escape from the house."

☞ A plot to steal bond plates from the Treasury has been discovered. Two men have been arrested for the conspiracy—Salter, engaged in the furniture business in Washington, and Ward, formerly employed in the bureau of engraving and printing.

☞ While two clerks were playfully boxing at Blackville, S. C., on Wednesday, one of them, Jesse Nevels, was struck in the stomach and fell dead.

Why!!

Why should we, with $40,000,000 less property than Tennessee, pay more than twice what she pays to Internal Revenue officers? Why should Rhode Island, with almost twice as much property as we have, pay barely one-eleventh part of what we pay? We pay $2,476,440; Rhode Island pays $209,079. Why should Radical and Prohibition Iowa, with more than twice as much property as we have, pay only one-third of what we pay? Iowa pays $923,777. We pay $2,476,440. If it be replied that the Internal Revenue tax is a tax on production, the answer is easy. Why should the Federal Government tax North Carolina productions more than the productions of other States?

THE Republicans of Pamlico county in this State held a meeting on the 6th inst., and adopted the following remarkable contribution to campaign literature:

Whereas, The report being industriously circulated that we, the Republicans of No. 2 Township, would not vote for Capt. Jas. S. Lane for the Legislature: and

Whereas, The said Jas. S. Lane has publicly solicited our support and proclaimed himself in opposition to the Bourbon Democracy; and

Whereas, All the little Democrats have pronounced him a radical;

Resolved, That we will vote for Jas. Lane, be he a spirt of hell or goblin damned, bringing with it airs from heaven or blasts from hell, it comes in a questionable shape, but we will vote for him as against Bourbon Democracy.

We prefer a "*mule*," but suppose the Republicans vote for those with whom they are most in accord.

New Lawyers.

The N. C. Supreme Court last week chartered the following new lawyers:

Thomas H. Battle, Orange county; Henry A. Boyd, Warren; Locke Craig, Orange; Henry E. Faison, Duplin; Atlas P. Gilbert, Chatham; Edward T. Greenlee, Mecklenburg; James D. Haizlip, Alamance; Ernest Haywood, Wake; Benjamin M. Henry, Haywood; John Q. Holton, Yadkin; James H. Horah, Rowan; Thomas Jones, Rowan; George M. Lindsay, Johnston; Fletcher R. Lottin, Davidson; James S. Manning, Chatham; Atwell C. McIntosh, Alexander; Hieronymus Montague, Wake; Thoroughgood Pate, Richmond; Philip H. Pelletier, Carteret; Charles R. Thomas, Jr., Craven; John R. Uzzell, Wayne.

☞ In view of his well known piety and theological erudition, we respectfully suggest to the so-called Liberal so-called party the propriety of conferring upon Gen. Leach the degree of d—d.—*Exchange.*

WHAT is profane swearing?

☞ The Peabody Fund, the gift of one of the most benevolent of men, was intended to help the poor children of the South. Large as the Fund was, it was the gift of a Bostonian—of a Northern man, the venerable and excellent George Peabody, whose memory will be long cherished among the grateful and appreciative people of the South. It seems, though, that this Fund is being seriously lessened by the dishonesty of two Southern States. We mentioned some time ago that the Fund would probably lose some three hundred thousand dollars by the bad faith of Tennesseeans. The dispatch in the Star of the 4th states that the Fund would lose one million of dollars, principal and interest, by Mississippi. This is very shameful. Here are two Southern States that conspire to rob a noble benefaction of over a million and a quarter dollars. Shame! We have never favored, we shall never favor any repudiation on the part of a State of one dollar that is justly and honestly owed. Repudiation is a crime, and is as dishonoring to a State as a rascally failure is dishonoring to an individual.—*Wil. Star.*

☞ The United States expends $84,000,000 a year for educational purposes. The figures have been collated from official sources by the Bureau of Education at Washington, and various other interesting items are included in the general statement. In 244 cities, each with more than 7,500 inhabitants, there is a school population of 2,661,498, with an average daily attendance of 1,105,763, and an aggregate annual expenditure of more than $25,000,000. The city of New York heads this list with 385,000 children of school age, of whom 270,176 are enrolled in 127 schools; the annual expenditure being in round numbers $3,400,000. There are, in the different States, 220 normal schools, 162 business colleges, 232 kindergartens, 227 colleges in which women are received, 83 scientific schools, 142 schools of theology and 120 medical colleges and schools. These figures are largely in excess of those ten years ago, but of all our investments the school fund yields the most lasting returns.

MR. STEPHEN'S RESIGNATION.—Governor Colquit, of Georgia, in a letter to the Hon. A. H. Stephens, accepting the latter's resignation as a member of Congress, writes: "Allow me to say that if this announcement had conveyed the intelligence of your final retirement from the public service, it would have filled the great heart of the Commonwealth so devoted to you with profoundest regret; but meaning as it does that you retire from the post of Representatives to occupy the executive chair to which you have been called with such signal honors, the announcement will be hailed with approval and rejoicing.

☞ A government official, who made an extended tour throughout Virginia on department business, says he is convinced from what he saw and heard that Mahone will meet with a terrible defeat in Virginia this fall. He says Mahone's case is so bad that even the patronage of the administration cannot save him. Nevertheless, Billy claims to be able to deliver at least six Congressmen. He is, however, probably whistling to keep his courage up.

☞ The Eastern Carolina Fair will be held at Rocky Mount October 24–27. Gen. Cox opens the fair and Senator Vance delivers the address.

☞ The Tariff Commission will cost $100,000. It is fortunate that there are only nine members of it.

☞ The notorious outlaw, Frank James has surrendered himself to Governor Crittenden, of Missouri. Many prominent citizens, it is reported, sought opportunities of shaking hands with him.

Union Superior Court.

The Fall Term of the Superior Court for Union county began on Monday last, and will continue this and next week. Judge Graves presides, and W. J. Montgomery, Esq., is on his last round as Solicitor.

The Grand Jury was composed of the following persons: T D Winchester, foreman; R D McCain, J M Thomas, C L Helms, W D Clark, J W Hamilton, R W Steagall, W W Norwood, Jeremiah Perry, Jeremiah Hinson, Ellis Godwin, W J Adams, S A Williams, Wm. McWhorter, W G Long, J E Hinson, D Mc Price, G D Broom.

After the trial of several ordinary State cases, Will Staton, a young negro man, was tried and convicted of attempted rape on Julia Edwards, a white girl about 8 years old. Staton was sentenced to the Penitentiary for twelve years.

The trial of John M. Stevens, for killing W. P. Clyburn about a year ago in the town of Monroe, was postponed to next Court.

On Wednesday morning, S. M. Secrest was put on trial for killing Washington Helms about 15 months ago. Both men have numerous relations in the county, and that fact and other reasons caused some delay in obtaining a Jury. After nearly exhausting a panel of 100 talismen, the following persons were selected to try the case: Hiram Baucom, A S Gaddy, Elisha Stancil, K M Hasty, A R Edwards, Robt Gaddy, Eva A Price, B I Simpson, Saml Rape, John Shute, W T Lemmond and Edw'd Lyles. Solicitor Montgomery prosecuted, and Paine & Vann, Covington & Adams, and T. D. and C. M. T. McCauley defended the prisoner. The trial had not been finished up to Thursday morning.

Judge Graves is a pleasant but firm and upright officer, and does all he can to push along the business of the Courts. Maj. Montgomery, as the State's Attorney, has the testimony of everybody as a good officer, and one who has put as little burdens on the people in the way of costs and useless business as it was possible to do.

Special Tax Bonds.

Among the important cases now pending in the Supreme Court of the United States are what are termed the original bond cases, from New York and New Hampshire, against the State of Louisiana. These cases are brought against Louisiana to make that State pay bonds she has repudiated as having been illegally issued. These cases are of particular interest to us here in North Carolina, because if the Supreme Court of the United States shall decide to give the judgment demanded, we may expect that similar suits will be immediately brought by those States against the State of North Carolina upon those miserable special tax bonds. It will be remembered that the Republicans in 1869 passed bills authorizing the issue of $25,000,000 of special tax bonds, and levied special taxes to the amount of 54 cents on the $100 worth of property to pay interest on these bonds. The sheriffs were directed to collect annually 54 cents taxes to pay the interest on these bonds. If the Supreme Court of the United States shall decide that these bonds were properly issued, the sheriffs would be required, by an order from that court, to collect these taxes and pay them in to a receiver, appointed by the court. Now, it is true that the Democratic party has done everything it could do to prevent this. We have even submitted to the people an amendment to the constitution, which has been ratified, forbidding any Legislature from paying anything on these bonds without submitting the question first to the popular vote. The Democratic party has left no stone unturned to protect the people against the possible consequence of this Republican legislation. To pay these bonds would bankrupt the State; it would break up nearly every family in the State. It would engulf us all in one common ruin. The homestead can be sold for taxes; ten thousand homesteads would be sold for these taxes.

Now in view of the fact that those bonds were issued by the Republicans and the taxes were levied by the Republican party, while the Democrats have sought to protect the people against them; and in view of the danger which threatens the people from this source, which party should be given control in North Carolina? We are aware that Dr. Mott's revenue men pretend to meet this question by calling attention to the constitutional amendment adopted by the Democrats, forbidding the Legislature from recognizing or paying any interest on these bonds without a popular vote. That amendment was not intended to protect the people against a judgment by the Supreme Court of the United States requiring the sheriffs of the counties to collect the special taxes levied by the Republican Legislature of 1869 "and to be annually thereafter collected."

The purpose of the amendment was to prevent any Legislature from recognizing or paying this debt. It cannot control the action of the Supreme Court of the United States. This is a danger which has still to be met. Who shall meet it, the party that issued twenty-five millions of bonds and levied the special taxes, or the party which has always sought to protect the people against them?—*Raleigh Observer.*

☞ According to the Washington correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, Professor W. C. Tilden has submitted to District Attorney Corkhill his official report of a chemical examination of the poisoned bouquet that was given to Guiteau by his sister, Mrs. Scoville, the day before his execution. He says that the large bud contained over five grains of "white arsenic." This quantity was not only sufficient to cause death had it been swallowed, but was largely in excess of a fatal dose. Mr. Corkhill says that he is trying to discover who poisoned the flowers.

LOSING HER LIFE TO SAVE HER SISTER.—Baxter Springs, Kan., Oct. 6.—A fire this morning destroyed the residence of Mr. Rosecranse, at Lowell, Kansas, and two of his daughters, aged 7 and 17 years, perished in the flames. The older of the two girls had succeeded in getting out of the burning building with her mother, when she rushed back for her little sister, and had dragged her through the smoke to the head of the stairway when the floor fell with a crash, and both were pitched into the burning mass below.

Local Items.

MR. ALBERT WALLACE, familiarly called "Prince Albert," was killed on Friday evening by falling from his wagon. Mr. Wallace was present at the political speaking, and in company with Mr. James Tarleton left for home late in the evening. Mr. Wallace driving, and under the influence of liquor. While passing the residence of Mr. Cyrus Morrison, about eight miles from town, going at a very rapid rate, they ran into a deep rut, and the jolt threw Mr. Wallace out. He struck the ground on his head with such force as to break his neck. He lived but a few moments after the accident. Mr. Wallace was at one time quite wealthy, but his unfortunate habits caused him to lose it His wife, who survives him was a Mrs. Cross, a daughter of Col. S. Bird of Edgefield, S. C.

MR. BREVARD E. HARRIS, the successful candidate in the recent West Point cadetship examination, was rejected on account of his age. None are admitted over 21 years of age, and Mr. Harris is 21 and two months. Mr. A. J. Smith of Gaston county, who stood second, will be appointed Harris' successor. Mr. Harris would have been saved much trouble and expense, and no doubt disappointment, by simply asking his age by those who had the matter in charge.

MR. J. F. MARTIN of Gaston county, while in the city on Friday hired a colored farm hand named Johnston, and the two started for home. Mr. Martin lie down in the body of the wagon, leaving Johnston to drive, and when about nine miles from Charlotte Mr. Martin woke and found his negro driver gone, and on examination had taken $15, also, for current expenses. Mr. Martin returned to the city and stating facts to the police, left them to secure his money, if possible.

IT matters not how great the anticipation, no one who heard Judge Bennett's speech in this city, on Friday, was disappointed, for it was grand and could not fail of giving satisfaction. He left nothing unsaid, and discussed the affairs of State and other matters of interest and importance in so thorough and complete manner as to convince all. Judge Bennett is doing glorious work in rallying the Democracy of North Carolina.

OUR democratic candidates are creating considerable enthusiasm throughout the county. Capt. Alexander is monitor over Col. Myers, and Messrs. Sandifer, Bailey and Myers, each take a turn. Mr. Bailey is the funny man, and has in store some telling truths to give the Radical-Liberals. The quiet matter-of-fact way of Jack Myers, assure all who hear him that he speaks the truth and is sincere.

BASE BALL.—Quite an exciting game of base ball was played on the grounds of the Carolina Military Institute Saturday evening between a Mixed Nine of Charlotte, Sharon, Berryhill and Pineville, and the Wearn Independents, with a defeat of two runs to the latter—Mixed Nine 13, Wearn Independents 11.

THE little minnow has come home to fight Democracy. As he lived in North Carolina Washington Republicans thought he was a sturgeon. Did he give Bail(ey) for appearance as witness—to the seating of our Representative next January?

THE valuable plantation known as the Porter place is offered for sale on the 6th of November, together with the horses, corn, wheat and all the farming implements. See notice in another column.

ONE of the sad sights seen on the streets of Charlotte Saturday—a father and son fighting, both intoxicated.

LET every one see that they are duly and properly registered.

Cotton Cleaner.

Mr. R. P. Davis of Monroe, has invented and patented a valuable machine for cleaning seed-cotton. Soiled cotton run through it comes out free from dust, sand or stick, or any foreign substance. It will make $1 difference per bale on perfectly white cotton by improving quality of lint. The machine is simple and cheap and can be seen in operation at the store of Mr. J. B. Shannonhouse. Mr. Davis has made the generous offer to parties purchasing who do not find the machine as represented, to refund the money on the return of machine.

☞ For neglecting to pay an assessment of twenty-six dollars, levied by the Republican State Committee, A. Owings, a clerk in the Pittsburg postoffice, has been discharged. This is civil service reform with a vengence.

☞ The Secretary of the Interior has appointed Joseph G. Hester to take a census of the Cherokee Indians east of the Mississippi, and Samuel B. Gibson to be agent for the North Carolina Cherokees.

☞ United States engineers report that the Roanoke River can be made navigable from Clarksville, Va., to Gaston, N. C., for steamers, without very much cost.

☞ A New Mexico paper reports that recently a large aerolite fell near Pinos Altos, crushing several trees, and that a Mexican who saw it reported that a piece of the moon had fallen.

☞ A San Francisco correspondent says: Perhaps the most favorite vine in the California wine belt is the Niagara, a white grape said to be seedless. Somebody has patented this grapevine as an invention! The company that owns the patent makes $100,000 a year selling cutting.

CHARLOTTE MARKET, Oct. 12, 1882.

There has been an advance in Cotton within the past few days, though the market is rather unsettled and irregular. Good Middling 10½ to 10⅝, Middling 10.5-16 to 10¾, Low Middling 10, Good Ordinary 9¾, Stains and Tinges 9½ to 10. Not as much Cotton offered this week as last.

Country Flour $2.75 and upwards per sack for good article. No Wheat offering during the past week.

But little Corn offering, and the price is so unsettled between old and new, that it is not deemed proper to make quotations until the rate is better defined. The same remarks apply to Meal. The demand will improve in a few days.

Peas 65, but little offering and price unsteady.

Oats stand at about 37½ cents per bushel.

Bacon Sides, per box, 16 cents per lb.; by retail 17 to 18.

Eggs 18 to 20 cents per dozen and in demand; Butter 25 to 30 cts. per pound; Chickens 12½ to 25, according to size and quantity offered. All in demand.

Corn Whisky $1.50 to $1.55 per gallon by the barrel; Apple Brandy $1.65.

Other Markets.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 12, 1882.

Cotton firm at 6¾ pence for Middling Uplands.

Arthur Backs the Traitors.

The National Republican, stalwart organ, publishes an open letter from its editor, Geo. C. Gorham, addressed to C. I. Cocke, Independent candidate for Congress from the Seventh North Carolina District. Mr. Cocke, in his card announcing his candidacy, makes an appeal to Stalwart Republicans against the Coalition ticket. After quoting from Cocke's card and coinciding with him so far as his statements go that the President has never authorized any one to say that he would punish voters by non-appointment to office, Mr. Gorham says: But when you deny the statement that the President is in favor of the coalition nominees, each of them, you are mistaken. To guide you to a knowledge of the truth in this matter, and that is what I believe you desire, I will say to you that on Saturday, the 23d ult., President Arthur stated to several persons, of whom I was one, at his residence in the city of New York, that he was not only earnestly for the liberal movement in North Carolina, and anxious for the election of the whole coalition ticket (which of course, includes Dr. York), but that he did not wish his position on the subject to be doubted or misunderstood. That is not, of course, any reason why any voter in North Carolina should support the coalition, but it is a good reason why the weight of President Arthur's name should not be thrown into the scale against.

The notorious W. J. Munden, who was sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years, is said to be acting the maniac. He has given notice of an appeal in his case, in consequence of which Judge Gilliam ordered him to be placed in Edenton jail to await the decision of the Supreme Court. It took five men to remove him, declaring "his eyes were bursting from their sockets." We fear this dodge will not avail much, but he is villain enough to attempt anything.

☞ It is a fact not generally known by merchants and those who handle lemons that if they are placed in a tub or a barrel and kept covered with water, that they will not decay, but will retain their freshness for months. The water should be changed frequently.

☞ The squirrel slaughterers of Hoganburg, St. Lawrence county, N. Y., have had their annual shoot. There were fifteen hunters on a side. One side succeeded in killing 1,800 and the other 1,500.

☞ The sabre which John Brown had upon his person at the time he was captured at Harper's Ferry, the 16th of next month 23 years ago, is now in the possession of General T. G. Baylor, of Jefferson county, Va.

MARRIED

In this city, at the Charlotte Hotel, on the 5th inst., Mr. Louis Bowden and Mrs. M. M. Hood, all of Pineville.

In Monroe, on the 3d inst, Mr. William H. Cleen and Miss Hannah E. Helms of Union county.

In Cabarrus county, Mr. James F. Holbrooks and Miss Mary A. Barrier.

In Gaston county, on the 3d inst, Mr. A. W. Andrews of Norwood, and Miss Mollie Puett of Dallas.

On the 28th ult., Mr. W. D. Beatty of Gaston county, and Miss Ida Williamson of Lincoln.

In Raleigh, on the 10th inst., Mr. Richard Battle of Edgecombe county, and Miss Cornelia E McDaniel, daughter of the late Rev. James McDaniel of Fayetteville.

DIED.

In this city, on the 11th inst., of consumption, Mr. John W. Roberts, aged 35 years.

At Matthews, this county, on the 4th inst., Rev. C. A. Bowman of the Methodist Protestant Church, aged about 25 years. He had been teaching school at Matthews for more than a year with ability and success. He was a good man and esteemed by all. His place will not easily be supplied. J. W. A.

In Union county, Mr. Samuel M. Hannah, aged 93 years

In Catawba county, Mr. Hubery Griffin, aged about 68 years, for many years a resident of Union county.

In Gaston county, Mr. Andrew Detter, aged 87 years. Also, Mrs. Margaret Pertam, aged 52 years.

Report of the Condition *of the First National Bank at Charlotte, in the State of North Carolina, at the close of business October 3d, 1882:*

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts,	$697,760 53
Overdrafts,	14,449 19
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation,	200,000 00
Other stocks, bonds and mortgages,	73,181 01
Due from approved reserve agents,	20,549 35
Due from other National Banks,	14,133 57
Due from State Banks and bankers,	3,159 84
Real estate, furniture and fixtures,	30,566 77
Current expenses and taxes paid,	5,242 83
Bills of other Banks,	12,699 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and pennies,	38 91
Specie,	51,400 00
Legal Tender Notes,	15,000 00
Redemption Fund with U. S. Treasurer, 5 per cent of circulation,	9,000 00
Total,	$1,147,181 00

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in,	$400,000 00
Surplus Fund,	80,000 00
Undivided profits,	42,999 90
National Bank Notes outstanding,	180,000 00
Dividends unpaid,	248 00
Individual deposits subject to check,	162,543 71
Demand certificates of deposit,	21,348 20
Time certificates of deposit,	163,185 74
Cashier's Checks outstanding,	616 00
Due to other National Banks,	12,713 54
Due to State Banks and bankers,	7,013 41
Notes and bills re-discounted,	26,512 50
Bills payable,	50,000 00
Total,	$1,147,181 00

STATE OF N. CAROLINA, *County of Mecklenburg.*

I, M. P. Pegram, Cashier of the above-named Bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief. M. P. PEGRAM, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this the 7th day of Oct., 1882.
JOHN F. ORR, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest—W. R. Myers, S. A. Cohen, J. L. Brown, } Directors.

Oct. 13, 1882.

ANNOUNCEMENT.

Independent Candidate for Clerk of Superior Court of Mecklenburg County.

At the earnest solicitation of my many friends I hereby announce myself as an Independent candidate for Clerk of the Superior Court of Mecklenburg county, N. C.

In submitting my claims to the voters of the county for the office of Clerk, I do so as a Republican, leaving it to be determined by the people of Mecklenburg county, at an election to be held on the 7th day of November, 1882, as to their choice. My record in the past must be a guarantee for my course in the future. While I entertain liberal views on all party questions, I do not as a Republican, deem it advisable to abandon our party organization to gratify the whims of a few office-seekers.

If the masses of the Liberal party (so-called) are anxious for the defeat of the Bourbon Democrats they will vote for Republicans.

Oct. 6, 1882. 4w J. C. CALLAHAN.

VALUABLE PLANTATION,

KNOWN AS THE "PORTER PLACE,"

For Sale!

On Monday the 6th day of November next, at 12 M., we will sell at the Court House door in Charlotte, N. C., that valuable Tract of Land containing 539⅘ Acres, lying in Providence Township, Mecklenburg county, six miles from Matthews' Station on the Carolina Central Railroad, about same distance from Pineville on Charlotte, Columbia & Augusta Railroad, and twelve miles from Charlotte, known as the Porter Place.

Said Lands are highly improved and very productive, with good Residence, Outbuildings, Orchards, &c., &c.

The Lands will be offered in 4 lots.

First lot contains 177 Acres, on which is situated the Residence and other buildings.
Second lot contains 45 Acres.
Third lot contains 132⅕ Acres.
Fourth lot contains 185 Acres.
They will also be offered as a whole.

Terms—One-fourth cash, balance in three equal installments at the end of *one, two and three years*, with interest at rate of eight per cent per annum. *Sale positive.* Purchaser can also buy on favorable terms Horses, Mules, Cattle, Hogs, Farming Implements, Corn, Oats, Wheat, Hay, &c., &c., now on the plantation.

B. R. SMITH & CO.,
109 Pearl street, New York.
Oct. 13, 1882. 4w

Gold Mine for Sale.

In obedience to a resolution of the Stockholders of the Rudisill Gold Mining Company of Hartford, Conn., I will expose to public sale on the premises of said Company near the city of Charlotte, N. C., being the place known as the Rudisill Mine, on Friday the 10th day of November next, at 11 A. M., all the Property—Real and Personal—belonging to said Company, including all Machinery, Mills, Appliances, Tools, Ores, and Choses in Action. Terms cash.

JAS. H. CARSON,
Agent for the Company.
Oct. 13, 1882. 5w

FARMING LANDS

Of the best quality, in large and small Tracts, on hand for sale. Can supply the purchasers with full outfits of implements and animals.

Also, some desirable City Real Estate with, and without, improvements.

ROBERT D. GRAHAM,
Attorney, Charlotte, N. C.
Oct. 13, 1882. 6m

Notice to Trespassers.

The undersigned hereby warn all persons trespassing on our land, either hunting, trapping or cutting wood of any description, as all such are notified that they will be dealt with according to law. I. H. GRIER, J. O. GRIER,
J. M. GRIER, JOSIAH HUNTER.
Oct. 13, 1882. 3wpd

NOTICE.

THOMAS JEFFERSON, formerly Barber at the Charlotte Hotel, is now at James King's Tonsorial Parlor, opposite the First National Bank, where he will be pleased to see his old customers and friends.
Oct. 13, 1882.

WE WANT

EVERY ONE THAT OWES US ANY money—male or female,

Farmers, Mercharts, Mechanics,

Or DEAD-BEATS, to remember that we need the money, and to remember that we *WANT IT EARLY.* We don't mean on January 1, 1883, or next Spring, but

Before 15th Oct., 1882.

A great deal is due us from 1879–'80–'81, and we appeal to those we have carried so long to come and pay us *early.*

We have also, a

Very Large Stock
OF
HARDWARE, CUTLERY,

Gun, Carriage and Wagon Material, and want all our friends, as well as our enemies, (if we have any,) to call and see us before buying.

BROWN & WEDDINGTON.
Oct. 6, 1882.

NOTICE.

All who owe us for Fertilizers bought in the

Spring of 1881,

Must settle for same on or before October 15th next.

Don't Forget This!

J. L. BROWN & CO.
Oct. 6, 1882.

Medical Saddle Bags

For Physicians. New Pattern. heap and durable. T. C. SMITH, Druggist.

Condensed Milk.

Several brands always on hand. All warranted fresh and nice, at T. C. SMITH'S Drug Store.

Remove Your Corns

With Radical Corn Remover. Sure thing. Price 25 Cents. T. C. SMITH sells it.

Homœpathic Medicines.

A full line on hand at T. C. SMITH'S.

Fruit Preserving Solution

And Scarr's Preservative, wholesale and retail by T. C. SMITH, Druggist.

OUR STOCK
OF
NEW GOODS

Is arriving daily, and we promise to show you as pretty a line of all kinds of DRY GOODS as will be found in this city.

Our Prints

Are *simply beautiful.* Our Jeans, Kerseys and Cassimeres are good in quality and we price them very low.

Dress Goods and Trimmings,

Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Trunks, Floor and Table Oil Cloth, Notions, White Goods, Laces, &c., all of which we have a new and fresh assortment and will sell as cheap as the cheapest.

BARRINGER & TROTTER.
Sept. 15, 1882.

FIRE AND LIFE
INSURANCE AGENCY,
Established in 1854.

Now Representing

ROYAL, LANCASHIRE, } English Companies.
"Insurance Company of North America,"
"Lynchburg," "Georgia Home," "Niagara."

E. NYE HUTCHISON & SON,
Agents,
Office corner of College and 4th Streets
Sept. 29, 1882. Charlotte, N. C.

BLACKSMITHING
IN ALL ITS BRANCHES,
AND
WORK WARRANTED.

I have a Wood-shop connected with my business, and will make and repair Wagons of all kinds. Buggies repaired neatly and quickly.

J. K. PUREFOY,
College street, Charlotte, N. C.
April 7, 1882. 1y

Spirits Turpentine

Always on hand, at T. C. SMITH'S Drug Store. Price regulated by the Wilmington market.